Ecosystem Markets

Opportunities, Challenges, Best Practices

NALN Soil Health Stewards | 09/10/2021

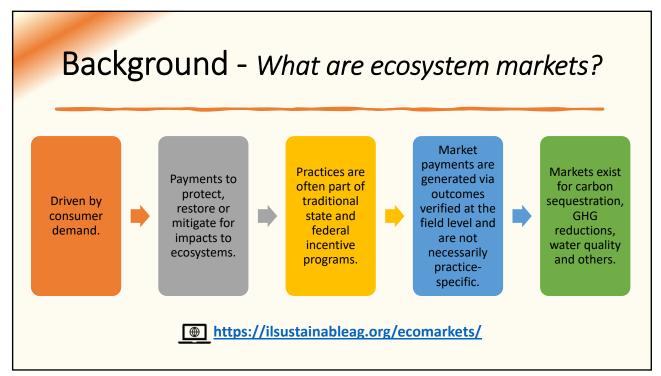


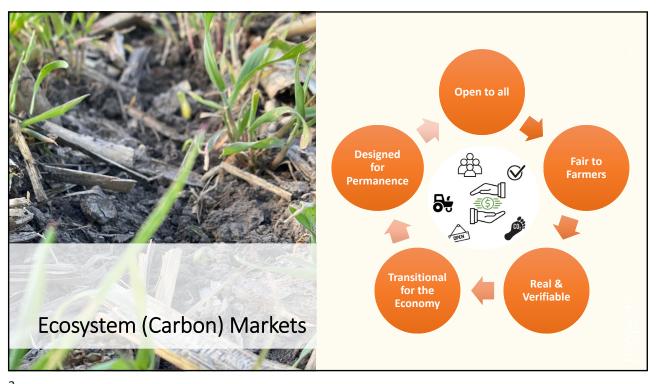
Jean Brokish MW Program Manager



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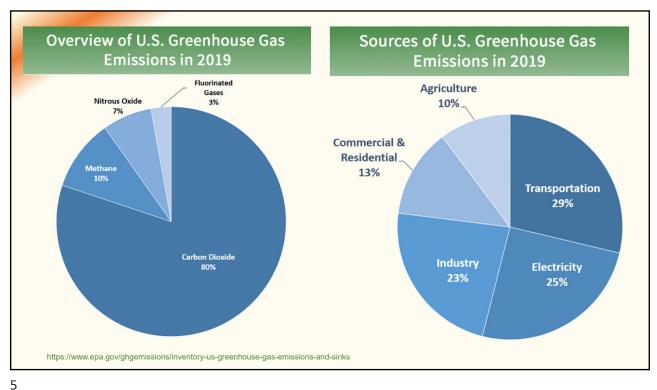
Carbon Offsets

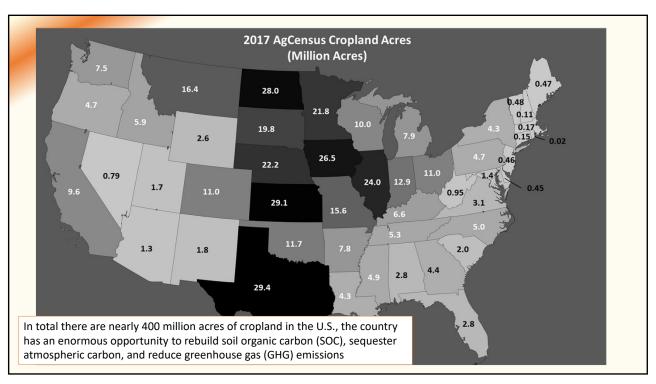
Measurable reduction of GHG emissions from an activity or project

Used to compensate for emissions occurring elsewhere

Typically measured in metric tonnes (2,205 lbs) CO2e

Includes CO2, methane, N2O





How much carbon can my farm store?

IT DEPENDS!

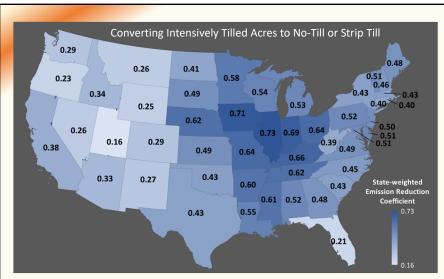
- Farm and field level characteristics and management including soil type, climate, topography, crop rotation and productivity, residue and nutrient management.
- No-till specific management including depth of previous tillage practices
- Cover crop specific management including number of sequential years planting a cover crop, how long the cover crop is grown before termination, and cover crop species.

PRACTICE	NATIONAL RANGE (AVG.)	
No-till (NT)	0.03 – 1.07 (0.49)	
Cover Crops (CC)	-0.03 – 1.50 (0.37)	

NT: The largest SOC increases are associated with temperate locations and well-drained soils.

CC: The largest SOC increases are associated with temperate locations, fine-textured soils, and mixed species plantings of cover crops.

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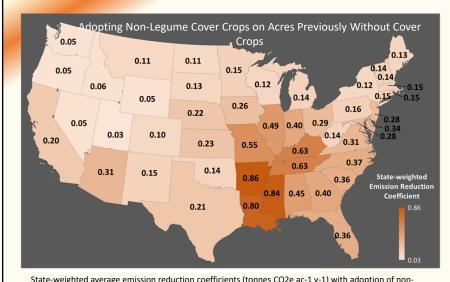
tonnes CO2e / ac / yr OH = 0.64 PA = 0.52

MD = 0.51

State-weighted average emission reduction coefficients (tonnes CO2e ac-1 y-1) with adoption of no-till or strip-till practices on acres formerly under intensive tillage. Weighted emission reduction coefficients generated using The CaRPE Tool, version 2.03. Values are scaled to the state level and reflect average ERCs across all counties and weighted for cropland acres. They are intended for comparative purposes only.



https://farmlandinfo.org/publications/combating-climate-change-on-us-cropland/



tonnes CO2e / ac / yr OH = 0.29 PA = 0.16 MD = 0.28

State-weighted average emission reduction coefficients (tonnes CO2e ac-1 y-1) with adoption of nonlegume cover crop with 25% fertilizer nitrogen reduced. Weighted emission reduction coefficients generated using The CaRPE Tool, version 2.03. Values are scaled to the state level and reflect average ERCs across all counties and weighted for cropland acres. They are intended for comparative purposes only.



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Recap of CO2e Potential

There is general consensus around the range of GHG reduction potentials for several cropland management practices (previous modeling studies and meta-analyses)

There are nearly 400 million acres of cropland in the U.S., presenting farmers with an unparalleled opportunity to increase soil carbon sequestration and reduce greenhouse gas emissions while improving water quality and building on-farm resiliency and profitability.

Caveats

- Research on surface soils
- Deep profile storage potential?
- Practice permanence



Nori – In pilot phase, project enrollment is currently available nationwide. Two projects have sold and received payment for $\sim 30,000$ credits to date.

Market Entities

undigo

Indigo Ag – Project enrollment currently available in 21 states including: AR, CO, GA, IA, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MN, MO, MS, NC, ND, NE, OH, OK, SC, SD, TN, TX.

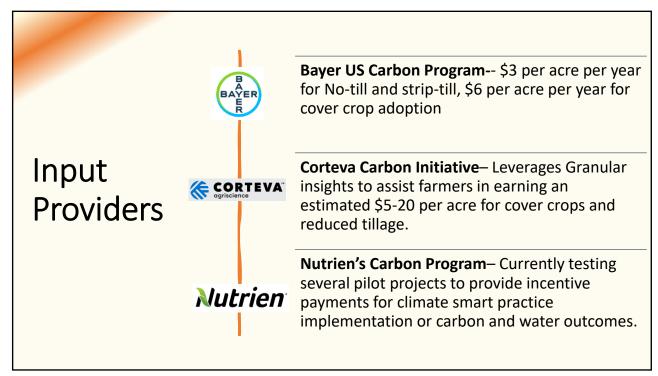


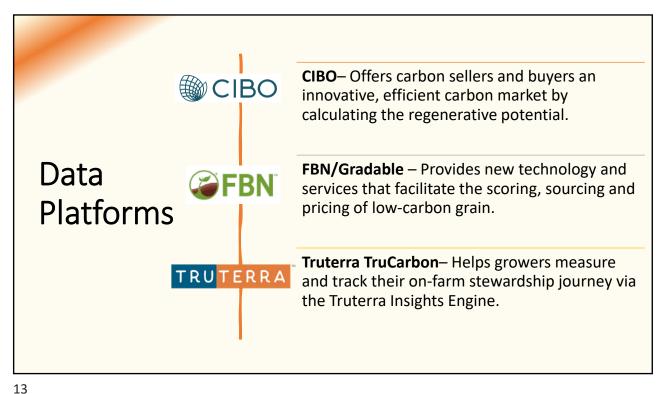
Soil and Water Outcomes Fund – Project enrollment currently available in select counties in Iowa, Illinois, and Ohio. Planning to expand to additional geographies in 2022.



Ecosystem Services Market Consortium (ESMC) – In pilot phase, project enrollment currently available in select U.S. regions including Corn and Soy Belt, Great Plains, Great Lakes, Pacific Northwest, and California.

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Recap on Market Opportunities

There are multiple entities with ecosystem-related programs: diverse players, variety of incentives, varied payment structures, and different levels of technical support.

Caveats

- Rapidly changing landscape
- Pilot phase vs full roll-out
- New partnerships forming

Which program is right for me?

		Ohio	Pennsylvania	Maryland
No-till	tonnes CO2e	0.64	0.52	0.51
	Payment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 9.60	\$ 7.80	\$ 7.65
	EQIP ⁽²⁾	\$ 15.39	\$ 18.02	N/A
Cover Crop	tonnes CO2e	0.29	0.16	0.28
	Payment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 4.35	\$ 2.40	\$ 4.20
	EQIP ⁽²⁾	\$ 34.25	\$ 54.17	\$ 51.86

Values are per acre basis

- (1) Average payment ~ \$15 / tonne of CO2e
- (2) 2021 EQIP Payment Schedules

Back of envelope calculation for demonstration purpose only -- not intended to represent individual farm income

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Take Away

Market incentives alone are not the most costeffective means to accelerate practice adoption

- Not sufficient to justify management changes
- Not competitive with existing financial incentives

- May be right for a farmer already planning to change
- Increased ROI when payments are stacked



